QGIS Application - Bug report #1822 Zoom to point: exaggerated zoom

2009-07-31 05:32 AM - alobo -

Status: Closed Priority: Low

Assignee: Gary Sherman Category: Python plugins

Affected QGIS version:

Operating System: All

Pull Request or Patch supplied:

Crashes QGIS or corrupts data:

Regression?: No

Resolution: fixed

Copied to github as #: 11882

Description

I'm getting a weird behaviour with "zoom to point", I get an exaggerated zoom unless I set values around 90 (qgis 1.1.0 Pan unstable on ubuntu 9.04)

Also, would it be possible to get the point marked with a circle or something so that you can fine tune the zoom and pan, and even get the point saved to a points vector layer?

History

#1 - 2009-07-31 05:43 AM - Paolo Cavallini

- Status changed from Open to Closed
- Resolution set to duplicate

Duplicate of #1588

#2 - 2009-08-01 09:02 PM - gcarrillo -

This is related to the Gary's plugin? If this is, please reopen the ticket because I have a suggestion:)

I think the #1588 is related to [[ZoomToSelected]] method (QgsMapCanvas class), I guess #1588 and this aren't the same thing, but please forgive me If I'm wrong.

#3 - 2009-08-02 01:35 AM - Borys Jurgiel

- Resolution deleted (duplicate)
- Status changed from Closed to Feedback

yes, you're right

#4 - 2009-08-02 01:35 AM - Borys Jurgiel

- Status changed from Feedback to Open

#5 - 2009-08-02 06:11 PM - gcarrillo -

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I think the exaggerated zoom depends on what scale are your data.

Maybe the scale factor could be a relative factor with the canvas full Extent as base extent.

Something like this can be useful (zoomtopoint.py file, run() method):

```
\begin{split} &\text{mc=self.iface.mapCanvas()} \\ &\text{extent} = \text{mc.fullExtent()} \\ &\text{xmin} = \text{float(x)} - \text{extent.width()} \, / \, (\, 2\, ^*\, (\, 100\text{-scale}\, )\, ) \\ &\text{xmax} = \text{float(x)} + \text{extent.width()} \, / \, (\, 2^*\, (\, 100\text{-scale}\, )\, ) \\ &\text{ymin} = \text{float(y)} - \text{extent.height()} \, / \, (\, 2\, ^*\, (\, 100\text{-scale}\, )\, ) \\ &\text{ymax} = \text{float(y)} + \text{extent.height()} \, / \, (\, 2\, ^*\, (\, 100\text{-scale}\, )\, ) \\ &\text{rect} = [[\text{QgsRectangle}]](\, \text{xmin, ymin, xmax, ymax}\, ) \\ &\text{mc.setExtent(rect)} \end{split}
```

x, y are the point coordinates to center

scale is the factor (1 to detailed scale, 99 to general scale)

#6 - 2011-03-05 09:47 AM - Borys Jurgiel

- Status changed from Open to Closed
- Resolution set to fixed

Applied as version 1.1, with a small modification: extent.width() / 200 * scale

So scale n means n% of the full extent.

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