# QGIS Application - Feature request #10443 Better documentation on how to use lettering in SAGA Raster calculator

2014-06-03 02:33 PM - Pedro Venâncio

Status:	Closed						
Priority:	Low						
Assignee:	Victor Olaya						
Category:	Processing/SAGA						
Pull Request or Pa	tch shumpplied:	Resolution:	fixed/implemented				
Easy fix?:	No	Copied to gi	thub as #: 18855				
Description		1					
•							
new description:							
see #10443-3							
Description							
The Grid Calcula	tor calculates a new grid based on ex	ting grids and a mathem	natical formula. The grid variables are single				
characters which	correspond in alphabetical order to tl	grid list order ('a' = first	t grid, 'b' = second grid,)				
Alternatively you	can address with letter 'g' followed by	oosition index (g1, g2, g	3,). Grids from other systems are addressed				
similarly, just usir	ng letter 'h' (h1, h2, h3,)						
old description:							
found a problem in I	Raster calculator, when using the g1,	2, gx format in the Form	iula. Using a, b,, it works.				
attach cample data	and lag info						
attach sample data	and log into.						
FORMULA "ifelse(e	ea(a2 1) 1 a1)"·						
1 OT INTO EXT. HOLOO(C	M(92,1),1,91).						
SAGA execution	commands						
		processing/5h521h3c40	0614cf0a236986402767fde/probabilidade3.sgrd"				
<del>_</del>	edro/EUQGIS2014/workshop proces	<del>-</del>					
•	· <del></del>		af4617b183fc5ca54fb64c/somatorio.sgrd" -FILES				
<del>_</del>	QGIS2014/workshop processing/res	-	11-017 b 100100000-1100-107301110110.3grd 1 1220				
•	. —		236986402767fde/probabilidade3.sgrd" -XGRIDS				
-		-	MULA "ifelse(eq(g2,1),1,g1)" -RESULT				
	QGIS2014/workshop_processing/res	-					
•	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•	<del>-</del>				
	io_gdal 1 -GRIDS "/home/pedro/EUQGIS2014/workshop_processing/resultados/probabilidade_4_teste.tif.sgrd" -FORMAT 1 -TYPE 0 -FILE "/home/pedro/EUQGIS2014/workshop_processing/resultados/probabilidade_4_teste.tif"						
-117FEU-FILE /I	iome/pedio/E0QGI32014/workshop	orocessing/resultados/p	Tobabilidade_4_teste.tii				
SAGA execution	console output						
##### ## ####	ł# ##						
### ### ##	###						
### ########	## # ##						
### ##### ## #	<i>‡</i> #####						
##### # ## ###	!## #   ##						
		_					
		<u> </u>					
library path: /us	r/lib/saga/libio_gdal.so						

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library name: Import/Export - GDAL/OGR module name: GDAL: Import Raster author: O.Conrad (c) 2007 (A.Ringeler)

#### **Parameters**

Grids: No objects

Files: "/home/pedro/EUQGIS2014/workshop\_processing/resultados/probabilidade\_3.tif"

Transformation: yes

Interpolation: Nearest Neighbor

 $loading: /home/pedro/EUQGIS2014/workshop\_processing/resultados/probabilidade\_3.tif \\ Driver: /home/pedro/EUQGIS2014/workshop\_processing/resultados/probabilidade\_3.tif/$ 

Cells: x 351, y 558

Bands: 1

Transformation x' = 72601.347778 + x \* 80.012074 + y \* 0.000000Transformation y' = 146231.038994 + x \* 0.000000 + y \* -80.012074loading band [1/1]

Inconsistency detected by Id.so: dl-close.c: 762: \_dl\_close: Assertion `map->l\_init\_called' failed!

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library path: /usr/lib/saga/libio\_gdal.so library name: Import/Export - GDAL/OGR module name: GDAL: Import Raster author: O.Conrad (c) 2007 (A.Ringeler)

#### **Parameters**

Grids: No objects

Files: "/home/pedro/EUQGIS2014/workshop\_processing/resultados/somatorio.tif"

Transformation: yes

Interpolation: Nearest Neighbor

loading: /home/pedro/EUQGIS2014/workshop\_processing/resultados/somatorio.tif Driver: /home/pedro/EUQGIS2014/workshop\_processing/resultados/somatorio.tif/

Cells: x 351, y 558

Bands: 1

Transformation x' = 72601.347778 + x \* 80.012074 + y \* 0.000000Transformation y' = 146231.038994 + x \* 0.000000 + y \* -80.012074

loading band [1/1]

Inconsistency detected by Id.so: dl-close.c: 762: \_dl\_close: Assertion `map->l\_init\_called' failed!

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Error: error in formula: ifelse(eq(g2,1),1,a) Error: executing module [Grid Calculator]

library path: /usr/lib/saga/libgrid calculus.so

library name: Grid - Calculus module name: Grid Calculator

author : Copyrights (c) 2003 by Andre Ringeler

 $Load\ grid: /tmp/processing/5b521b3c40614cf0a236986402767fde/probabilidade3.sgrd...$ 

Load grid: /tmp/processing/8a1b5f9633af4617b183fc5ca54fb64c/somatorio.sgrd...

## **Parameters**

Grid system: 80.012074; 351x 558y; 72641.353815x 101624.307639y

Grids: 1 object (probabilidade3)

Grids from different Systems: 1 object (somatorio)

Result: Result

Formula: ifelse(eq(g2,1),1,g1)

Name: Calculation Take Formula: no Use NoData: no

Data Type: 4 byte floating point number

Inconsistency detected by Id.so: dl-close.c: 762: \_dl\_close: Assertion `map->l\_init\_called' failed!

Error: Grid file could not be opened.

Error: executing module [GDAL: Export Raster]

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library path: /usr/lib/saga/libio\_gdal.so library name: Import/Export - GDAL/OGR module name : GDAL: Export Raster author : O.Conrad (c) 2007

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Load grid: /home/pedro/EUQGIS2014/workshop\_processing/resultados/probabilidade\_4\_teste.tif.sgrd...

failed

GDAL: Export Raster: could not initialize data objects

Inconsistency detected by Id.so: dl-close.c: 762: \_dl\_close: Assertion `map->l\_init\_called' failed!

### FORMULA "ifelse(eq(b,1),1,a)"

#### SAGA execution commands

grid\_calculus "Grid Calculator" -GRIDS "/tmp/processing/5b521b3c40614cf0a236986402767fde/probabilidade3.sgrd" -XGRIDS "/tmp/processing/8a1b5f9633af4617b183fc5ca54fb64c/somatorio.sgrd" -FORMULA "ifelse(eq(b,1),1,a)" -RESULT "/home/pedro/EUQGIS2014/workshop\_processing/resultados/probabilidade\_4\_teste.tif.sgrd" io\_gdal 1 -GRIDS "/home/pedro/EUQGIS2014/workshop\_processing/resultados/probabilidade\_4\_teste.tif.sgrd" -FORMAT 1 -TYPE 0 -FILE "/home/pedro/EUQGIS2014/workshop\_processing/resultados/probabilidade\_4\_teste.tif"

SAGA execution console output

library path: /usr/lib/saga/libgrid calculus.so

library name: Grid - Calculus module name: Grid Calculator

author : Copyrights (c) 2003 by Andre Ringeler

Load grid: /tmp/processing/5b521b3c40614cf0a236986402767fde/probabilidade3.sgrd...

Load grid: /tmp/processing/8a1b5f9633af4617b183fc5ca54fb64c/somatorio.sgrd...

#### **Parameters**

Grid system: 80.012074; 351x 558y; 72641.353815x 101624.307639y

Grids: 1 object (probabilidade3)

Grids from different Systems: 1 object (somatorio)

Result: Result

Formula: ifelse(eq(b,1),1,a)

Name: Calculation Take Formula: no Use NoData: no

Data Type: 4 byte floating point number

Inconsistency detected by Id.so: dl-close.c: 762: \_dl\_close: Assertion `map->l\_init\_called' failed!

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library path: /usr/lib/saga/libio\_gdal.so library name: Import/Export - GDAL/OGR module name: GDAL: Export Raster

author : O.Conrad (c) 2007

Load grid: /home/pedro/EUQGIS2014/workshop processing/resultados/probabilidade 4 teste.tif.sgrd...

### **Parameters**

Grid system: 80.012074; 351x 558y; 72641.353815x 101624.307639y

Grid(s): 1 object (probabilidade\_4\_teste.tif)

File: /home/pedro/EUQGIS2014/workshop\_processing/resultados/probabilidade\_4\_teste.tif

Format: GeoTIFF

Data Type: match input data Set Custom NoData: no NoData Value: 0.000000

**Creation Options:** 

Band 1

This only happens when you use more than one raster in the formula.

And it is a regression, as it only happens in the master version. With 2.2.0-2 which is in plugins, it works ok.

As it is a regression, I put it as blocker.

## History

# #1 - 2014-06-04 05:03 AM - Giovanni Manghi

- Priority changed from Severe/Regression to Normal

Hi Pedro.

I made a few tests and the result is that is a SAGA issue.

In SAGA 2.10 grid calculator there is now a -XGRIDS parameter that is now used by processing in QGIS master (it wasn't used in 2.2).

With this parameter and the g1,g2...gx format SAGA fails to create the output. If using a,b... x it works.

I'm not sure that we should leave this open.

testes

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works:

saga\_cmd grid\_calculus "Grid Calculator" -GRIDS "r1saga.sgrd" -XGRIDS "r2saga.sgrd" -FORMULA "ifelse(eq(b,1),1,a)" -RESULT "RESULT.tif.sgrd"

does not work:

saga\_cmd grid\_calculus "Grid Calculator" -GRIDS "r1saga.sgrd" -XGRIDS "r2saga.sgrd" -FORMULA "ifelse(eq(g2,1),1,g1)" -RESULT "RESULT.tif.sgrd"

works:

saga\_cmd grid\_calculus "Grid Calculator" -GRIDS "r1saga.sgrd;r2saga.sgrd" -FORMULA "ifelse(eq(g2,1),1,g1)" -RESULT "RESULT2.tif.sgrd"

#### #2 - 2014-06-04 05:12 AM - Victor Olaya

some explanation on this

We are now using the XGRIDS parameter, which allows saga to use rasters with a differente grid system (extent + grid resolution), so SAGA takes care of that and Processing does not have to do the resampling (which was buggy and error-prone). I think that, if the g1,g2... syntax cannot be used now, it should be documented, and we should assume that as a minor problem, which is worth considering the stability what we gain by skipping the resampling phase

Hope this helps

#### #3 - 2014-06-04 02:56 PM - Pedro Venâncio

Hi Giovanni and Victor,

That's it. I've been searching, and to refer the XGRIDS, we should use the letter h:

Description

The Grid Calculator calculates a new grid based on existing grids and a mathematical formula. The grid variables are single characters which correspond in alphabetical order to the grid list order ('a' = first grid, 'b' = second grid, ...)

Alternatively you can address with letter 'g' followed by position index (g1, g2, g3, ...). Grids from other systems are addressed similarly, just using letter 'h' (h1, h2, h3, ...)

We need to put this in the Help tab.

The easiest is to use the letters a, b, c, ..., but in this case I get a question, and assuming that we have more variables than the letters of the alphabet, what do we do?

Another doubt Victor, Processing analyzes the input grids and checks if they have different systems, placing the grids of different systems in XGRIDS and equals to the first grid in GRIDS?

And if there are more grids in different systems than two? All grids in different systems go for XGRIDS?

And finally, my biggest question, what is the operation that is performed with grids that are in XGRIDS? Resampling? With which algorithm?

Thanks!

### #4 - 2014-06-04 03:04 PM - Giovanni Manghi

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Another doubt Victor, Processing analyzes the input grids and checks if they have different systems, placing the grids of different systems in XGRIDS and equals to the first grid in GRIDS?

it seems to me that thr first raster goes to grids and the others to xgrids, even if they have the same crs.

#### #5 - 2014-06-04 04:26 PM - Pedro Venâncio

it seems to me that thr first raster goes to grids and the others to xgrids, even if they have the same crs.

It is not the CRS Giovanni, but the grid system. But in reality that is what it does:

Grid system: 79.945794; 351x 558y; 72641.353815x 101624.307639y

Grids: 1 object (aa2003)

Grids from different Systems: 2 objects (aa2005, aa2004)

Result: Result Formula: a+b+c Name: Calculation Take Formula: no Use NoData: no

Data Type: 4 byte floating point number

even though all have the same grid system. But as far as I can think, there should be no inconvenience in it, because all of them have the same extent and grid resolution.

Anyway, I wonder how SAGA makes the adjustment, because if it does the resampling of XGRIDS, in the above situation, at least it makes unnecessary processing.

# #6 - 2014-06-28 07:45 AM - Jürgen Fischer

- Target version changed from Version 2.4 to Future Release - High Priority

# #7 - 2014-10-09 07:41 AM - Alexander Bruy

- Category changed from 94 to Processing/SAGA

# #8 - 2015-06-01 09:16 AM - Giovanni Manghi

- Tracker changed from Bug report to Feature request
- Target version changed from Future Release High Priority to Future Release Lower Priority
- Priority changed from Normal to Low
- Subject changed from Raster calculator error using gx in formula to Better documentation on how to use lettering in SAGA Raster calculator

# #9 - 2017-05-01 12:47 AM - Giovanni Manghi

- Easy fix? set to No

#### #10 - 2017-08-08 01:02 AM - Jürgen Fischer

- Description updated

#### #11 - 2017-12-22 11:54 AM - Pedro Venâncio

- Status changed from Open to Closed

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This feature request was already applied. The description is very clear now:

It requires a base layer, and a set of additional layers. The base layer is identified as "a" in the formula, while the additional layers are identified as "b, c, d...", using the order in which they appear in the multiple selection dialog.

Thanks!

# #12 - 2018-02-22 11:52 AM - Giovanni Manghi

- Resolution set to fixed/implemented

# **Files**

probabilidade_3.tif	768 KB	2014-06-03	Pedro Venâncio
somatorio.tif	768 KB	2014-06-03	Pedro Venâncio

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